			Science Overview			
		T	EYFS – Foundation Stage 1		<u> </u>	
Animals Including Humans			Plants		Everyday Materials	
Key Concept – Animals Curricular Goal Pupils can talk about the changes they observe as they watch a caterpillar grow into a butterfly Learning Objectives To be able to understand the key features of the life cycle of an animal. Key Concept – Curricular Goal Pupils can talk a Learning Object To be able To unders		Learning ObjectivesTo be able to plant seTo understand the ke	ce – Biology Parts of a Plant Il about the changes they observe after they have planted a seed and watch a plant grow		Natural Science – Chemistry Key Concept – Change Curricular Goal Pupils can use their sense of touch to explore materials and talk about how they are different Pupils can talk about what happens when they push and pull an object Learning Objectives To be able to talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice To be able to explore how things work To be able to explore and talk about different forces they can feel	
			EYFS – Foundation Stage 2			
Animals Including Humans	Plants	<u> </u>	Everyday Materials	Seasonal Chang	ge .	All Living Things and their Habitats
Natural Science – Biology	Natural Science – Biology	•	Natural Science – Chemistry	Natural Science – Physics	5C	Natural Science – Biology
Key Concept – Animals Curricular Goal Pupils can talk about different animals both in the natural world around them and in other contrasting environments. Learning Objectives To be able to explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals	Ratural Science – Biology Key Concept – Parts of the Plant Curricular Goal Pupils can describe what they observe as a seed grows into a plant. Pupils can describe what a plant needs to be healthy. Pupils can explore planting seeds in different places Learning Objectives To be able to explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of plants		Key Concept – Change/ Materials Curricular Goal Pupils can talk about what they observe when ice is melting in different places Pupils can explore the strength of materials when building a house for the Three Little Pigs Pupils can explore floating and sinking when making a boat for a Pirate Learning Objectives To understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including changing states of matter	Key Concept – Change Curricular Goal Pupils can name the seasons and describe some changes to the natural world as the seasons change Learning Objectives To understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons		Key Concept – Habitats Curricular Goal Pupils can describe different environments explaining some similarities and differences between them and can compare them to where they live. Learning Objectives To know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class
			Year 1			
Animals Including Humans	Plants		Everyday Materials	Seasonal Change		
Natural Science – Biology	Plants Natural Science – Biology		Natural Science – Chemistry	Seasonal Change Natural Science – Physics		
Curricular Goal 1: Label the parts of the human body, making links to the senses Curricular Goal 2: Classify animals according to their animal groups Learning Objectives To identify and name a variety of common animals, including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals To know and classify animals by what they eat (carnivore, herbivore and omnivore) To be able to describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals To be able to identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	Curricular Goal: Make observations of plants and know and name the main parts of them Learning Objectives To know and name a variety of common and wild garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees To know and name the petals, stem, leaves and root of a plant To know and name the roots, trunk, branches and leaves of a tree		Curricular Goal: Test which materials could be used to make a house Learning Objectives To be able to distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made To be able to identify and name a variety of everyday materials including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock To know about the properties of everyday materials To be able to compare and group together a variety of everyday materials based on their simple physical properties (hard/soft, stretchy/stiff, waterproof/not waterproof, rough/smooth)	Curricular Goal: To observe and describe changes in the four seasons, including the weather and how the day length varies. Learning Objectives To be able to name the seasons and know about the type of weather in each season To be able to observe and describe how the day length varies in the four seasons.		(S
Antimale to dealth - 11	al ·		Year 2			All Lindow Things and all the Line
Animals Including Humans	Plants	5	Everyday Materials			All Living Things and their Habitats
Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Lifecycles Curricular Goal 1: Describe how to become a healthy person. Curricular Goal 2: Describe the lifecycles of chicks and humans and know how they are different Learning Objectives To know the basic stages in a life cycle for animals, (including humans) To be able to find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival To know why exercise, a balanced diet and good hygiene are important for humans	Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Plants needs Curricular Goal: Describe the life o Learning Objectives To know and explain how see plants To know what plants need in healthy	eds and bulbs grow into	Natural Science – Chemistry Key Concept – Properties of Materials Curricular Goal: Identify and compare the properties of materials and select the most suitable materials for different purposes. Learning Objectives To know why a material might or might not be used for a specific job To know how materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching			Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Food chains Curricular Goal: To explain how habitats provide ideal conditions for living things, giving specific examples and including the food chain. Learning Objectives To be able to classify things by living, dead or never lived To know how a specific habitat provides for the basic needs of things living there (plants and animals) To be able to identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats To be able to name some different sources of food for animals To know about and explain a simple food

chain

		Year 3		
Animals Including Humans	Plants	Rocks	Forces	Light
Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Healthy Bodies Curricular Goal: To describe the role of the skeleton and muscular system, giving specific examples. Learning Objectives To know about the importance of a nutritious, balanced diet To know about the skeletal and muscular system of a human	Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Water transportation in plants Curricular Goal: To explain why each part of a plant is vital to its survival. Learning Objectives To be able to identify and describe the function of different parts of a flowering plant To be able to explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from the soil, room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant. To investigate how water is transported within plants To know the plant life cycle, especially the importance of flowers	Natural Science – Chemistry Key Concept – Rocks and Soils Curricular Goal: To use relevant scientific language to explain how rocks are classified and to describe the different types of rocks. (Quiz) Learning Objectives To be able to compare and group rocks based on their appearance and physical properties, giving reasons To be able to describe how soil is made To be able to describe how fossils are formed To know about and explain the difference between sedimentary, metamorphic and igneous rock	Natural Science – Physics Key Concept – Forces in motion Curricular Goal: To explain the patterns in the way magnets, behave with each other and with other everyday materials. Learning Objectives To be able to compare how objects move on different surfaces To be able to observe which materials magnets attract and which materials they do not To be able to compare and group together materials based on whether they are attracted to a magnet To know how some forces require contact but magnetic forces do not To know about and explain how magnets attract and repel To be able to predict whether magnets will attract or repel and give reasons	Natural Science – Physics Key Concept – Shadows Curricular Goal: To be able to evidence that light travels in a straight line, giving specific examples. Learning Objectives To know that dark is the absence of light To know that light is needed in order to see and is reflected from a surface To know and demonstrate how a shadow is formed and explain how a shadow changes shape To be able to find patterns in the way that the size of a shadow changes To know about the danger of direct sunlight and describe how to keep eyes protected
		Year 4	1	,
Animals Including Humans	States of Matter	Electricity	Sound	All Living Things and their Habitats
Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Digestion and teeth Curricular Goal: To describe the journey food takes through the human body. Learning Objectives To be able to identify and name the parts of the human digestive system To describe the simple functions of the basic parts in the human digestive system To be able to identify and know the different types of human teeth and their simple functions To be able to construct and interpret food chains to identify producers, predators and prey	Natural Science – Chemistry Key Concept – Melting points and the water cycle Curricular Goal: To use relevant scientific language to explain how, why and when materials change state (Quiz) Learning Objectives To compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases To know the temperature at which materials change state To know about and explore how some materials can change state To know the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle To test how temperature is associated with the rate of evaporation	Natural Science – Physics Key Concept – Constructing circuits Curricular Goal: To construct a simple series circuit for use in an everyday item. Learning Objectives To be able to identify and name appliances that require electricity to function To be able to construct a series circuit To be able to identify and name the components in a series circuit (including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers) To be able to predict and test whether a lamp will light within a circuit To know the function of a switch To know the difference between a conductor and an insulator; giving examples of each	Natural Science – Physics Key Concept – Hearing Curricular Goal: To be able to explain why different objects produce different sounds, giving examples. Learning Objectives To know how sound is made, associating some of them with something vibrating To know how sound travels from a source, through a medium to our ears To identify the patterns between the pitch of a sound and the features of the object that produced it To know the correlation between the volume of a sound and the strength of vibrations that produced it To know what happens to a sound as it travels away from its source	Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Classification Curricular Goal: To explain how humans have impacted animal habitats in the local area, detailing the positive and negative impact on the different types of animals. Learning Objectives To be able to recognise that living things can be grouped in different ways To be able to use classification keys to group, identify and name living things To know how changes to an environment could endanger living things
LOT IN TO THE		Year 5		
Animals including Humans	Properties and changes in materials	Earth and Space	Forces	All Living Things and their Habitats
Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Gestation in the animal kingdom Curricular Goal: To recall the changes as humans develop to old age, including puberty (Quiz) Learning Objectives To be able to describe the changes as humans develop to old age using a timeline To be able to describe the changes as humans experience puberty	Natural Science – Chemistry Key Concept – Changes of state Curricular Goal: To predict and test which materials are soluble and which are not, recording results in a table. Learning Objectives To be able to compare and group materials based on their properties (e.g. hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity, [electrical & thermal], and response to magnets To be able to give reasons for the particular uses of everyday materials including metals, woods and plastic (Comparative and fair testing) To know and explain how a material dissolves to form a solution To know and show how to recover a substance from a solution To know and demonstrate how some materials can be separated (e.g. through filtering, sieving and evaporating) To know and demonstrate that some changes are reversible, and some are not To know how some changes results in the formation of a new material and that this is usually irreversible	Natural Science – Physics Key Concept – Our place in the solar system Curricular Goal: To explain the structure and movement of the solar system. Learning Objectives To know about and explain the movement of the Earth and other planets relative to the Sun To know about and explain the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth To know and demonstrate how night and day are created To be able to describe the Sun, Earth and Moon (using the term spherical)	Natural Science – Physics Key Concept – Gravity/Friction Curricular Goal: Use relevant scientific language and illustrations to prove that friction would not exist without gravity. Learning Objectives To know what gravity is and its impact on our lives To be able to identify and know the effect of air and water resistance To be able to identify and know the effect of friction To be able to explain how levers, pulleys and gears allow a smaller force to have a greater effect	Natural Science – Biology Key Concept – Life Cycles Curricular Goal: To describe how different plants and animals (from the local area and abroad) reproduce and go through their life cycle. (Quiz) Learning Objectives To know the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird To describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird To know the process of sexual and asexual reproduction in plants To know the process of sexual reproduction in animals

Year 6									
Animals including Humans	Evolution and Inheritance	Electricity	Light	All Living Things and their Habitats					
Natural Science – Biology	Natural Science – Biology	Natural Science –Physics	Natural Science – Physics	Natural Science – Biology					
Key Concept – Heart Health	Key Concept – Adaptation	Key Concept – Testing components	Key Concept – How light travels	Key Concept – Classifying					
Curricular Goal: Quiz on all taught knowledge	Curricular Goal: To explain how living things adapt to survive,	Curricular Goal: To construct and draw a series circuit which has multiple components for a	Curricular Goal: Explain how light behaves including light sources,	Curricular Goal: Design and explain a way to					
Learning Objectives	giving specific examples.	purpose.	reflection and shadows	classify a range of living things.					
 To be able to identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system To know and describe the function of the 	To know how living things have changed over time To know that fossils provide information about living	To be able to compare and give reasons for variations in how components function To be able to use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit diagram	To know that light appears to travel in straight lines To know how objects can be seen because they give out or	To be able to classify living things into broad groups according to observable characteristics					
 heart, blood vessels and blood To know the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way the human body functions (Test the impact of exercise on the heart) 	 things that inhabited the earth millions of years ago To know that living things produce offspring of the same kind To know that offspring vary and are not usually identical to their parents 	To know how the number and voltage of cells in a circuit links to the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer	 reflect light To know why shadows, have the same shape as the object that casts them 	 and based on similarities and differences To be able to give reasons for classifying plants and animals in a specific way To know how living things have been classified 					
 To know the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans 	To know how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways To know that adaptation over time can lead to evolution								

