## Geography Long Term Plan – Curriculum Map

The geography curriculum at Kingswood Parks matches the breadth and ambition of the National Cu		has been mapped out so teachers know pre	
knowledge and skills build upon what has been taught before. Geographical vocabulary is mapped o will work towards. These end points are progressive and enable pupils to apply their knowledge and			
their understanding through challenging outcomes which are not limiting. Provision for SEND pupils			
	EYFS – Foundation S		
Place Knowledge			Human and Physical Geo
y Concept – The Earth and environment g Question: Have you been on holiday and how did you get there? Key Concept – The Earth and environment Big Question: What can you see all around you?		uestion: What can you see all around you?	• · · ·
Curricular Goal: To share and talk about images of holidays related to the children's own experiences			ervations
	EYFS – Foundation S		
Place Knowledge			Human and Physical Geog
Key Concept – The Earth and environment Big Question: What would it be like to live where it is hot and where it is cold? Curricular Goal:	Curricular Goal:		
To be able to talk about differences in weather in hot and cold countries and what impact this has on the land, p		able to explore the local area and describe what	can be seen. Through discussion make obs
	Year 1		· · · ·
Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge		Hun
Key Concept – People and where they locate         Big Question: Which countries make up the United Kingdom?         Curricular Goal:         Pupils know the 4 countries making up the United Kingdom and are able to label them and the surrounding seas on a map of the United Kingdom	Key Concept – People and where they locate for different reasons Big Question: What physical and human features and human features are there in the local area? Curricular Goal: To be able to draw a simple map of the human and physical features of the school and its local area. – Kingswood.		Key Concept – People and where they I Big Question: How is the weather diffe Curricular Goal: To draw and label what you would wear
	Year 2		
Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge		Hun
Key Concept – People and where they locate / Part of a larger world Big Question: Which are the seven continents and five oceans?	Key Concept – People and where they locate for different reasons / The Earth and environment which are constantly changing		Key Concept – Key Concept – People an Big Question: How is the weather differ
Curricular Goal: Pupils can know and label the seven continents and five oceans.	Big Question: What are the similarities and differences between Hull and Cairo Curricular Goal: To be able to list the human and physical features of Hull and compare this with a small contrasting area of a non-European country. (Cairo – Year 4 Geography and Year 4 History)		Curricular Goal: To be able to locate hot and cold areas of (Antarctica, Cairo,
	Year 3	50117	
Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge		Hun
Key Concept – People and where they locate         Big Question: Where in the world are our European neighbours?         Curricular Goal:         To be able to use a map and know the names of and locate at least 8 European countries (France , Spain , Italy , Greece , Norway , Russia , Iceland and Germany – Largest neighbours, holidays destinations, size of Europe,	Key Concept – People and where they locate for different reasons / Sustainability         Big Question: What are the similarities and differences between Coastal Towns in Yorkshire and the         Reykjanes Penisula in Iceland.         Curricular Goal:         To be able to compare Coastal towns in Yorkshire and the Reykjanes Penisula in Iceland (Port, fishing, beaches,		Key Concept – People and where they I constantly changing         Big Question: What causes volcanoes at Curricular Goal:         To be able to explain how volcanoes are
linked to different human and physical features)	rocks, cliffs, closest volcano to UK)		To be able to describe the types of volca To be able to explain why people live ne To be able to explain why earthquakes of
	Year 4		
Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge Key Concept – People and where they locate / The Earth and environment which are constantly changing		Hun
Key Concept – People and where they locate         Big Question: What is the difference between a city and a county?         Curricular Goal:         To be able to name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom (Hull - Yorkshire, London – Greater London, Edinburgh – Lothian, Cardiff – Glamorgan, Belfast – County Antrim and describe their key	Big Question: Are all mountains the same? Curricular Goal: To be able to explain how mountain ranges are formed To be able to describe the similarities and differences of mountainous regions around the world.		Key Concept – People and where they Big Question: What are the advantages Curricular Goal: To be able to explain how people have s
topographical features.	(Pennines - local, Alps - Europe, Andes – South America/longest, Himalayas – tallest/Everest)		Study – Pennines (local range) and Hima
	Year 5	Year 5	
Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge		Hun
Key Concept – People and where they locate for different reasons / Part of a larger world Big Question: How many countries and capital cities do you know? Curricular Goal:	Key Concept – People and where they locate / The Earth and environment which are constantly changing Big Question: Why live near a river? Curricular Goal:		Key Concept – The Earth and environme Big Question: What is a biome? Curricular Goal:
To be able to know and locate countries and major capital cities across the world (USA -Washington DC, China - Beijing, Russia - Moscow, France - Paris, Australia - Canberra, Brazil - Brasilia, South Africa - Cape Town, Egypt - Cairo) To be able to identify the time zones of the countries above comparing to GMT.	To be able to compare, contrast and identify patterns in how rivers have shaped the human and physical geography of their regions and how this has changed over time. To be able to explain how the water cycle shapes geographical regions. (River Hull - local, River Nile – longest and links to history, Amazon River – largest/links to biomes)		To be able to conclude how biomes sha
La carte da	Year 6		
Locational Knowledge	Place Knowledge		Hun
Key Concept – Part of a larger world         Big Question: What is my location?         Curricular Goal:         To be able to accurately describe the location of the countries studied in Year 5 including the areas of the	Key Concept – Sustainability / Part of a larger world         Big Question: How can humans use the physical features of their environments to generate energy?         Curricular Goal:         To be able to evaluate how human and physical features of a region can determine sustainability choices.         (East Yorkshire, Iceland, Washington DC)		Key Concept – Sustainability / Part of a Big Question: Why does the UK have so Curricular Goal: To be able to argue that the human and

an demonstrate a logical progression and can cite how new time. End points have been defined as curricular goals which pupils END pupils as well as providing pupils with opportunities to deepen ts.

## Geography

### Geography

e observations over time of the changes in the weather and the seasons

## Human and Physical Geography they locate for different reasons / Reason for weather

different in the UK in different seasons?

wear in the different seasons and weather.

## Human and Physical Geography

ple and where they locate for different reasons / Reason for weather different in hot and cold countries?

reas of the world, using their knowledge of the poles and the equator.

## Human and Physical Geography

they locate for different reasons / The Earth and environment which are

#### oes and earthquakes?

es are formed

f volcanoes

ive near volcanoes and how they use the land

akes occur

## Human and Physical Geography

tages and disadvantages of living on a mountain range?

have settled in mountain ranges, including how they use the land

Himalayas (largest)

# Human and Physical Geography

ronment which are constantly

s shape the lives of their inhabitants.

## Human and Physical Geography

rt of a larger world ave so many good?

n and physical features of the UK allows it to be a great global trader.